

NAMIBIA SENIOR SECONDARY CERTIFICATE

HISTORY ORDINARY LEVEL

4333/1

PAPER 1

2 hours 15 minutes

Marks 80

2017

Additional Materials: Answer Book

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION TO CANDIDATES

- Write your answers on the Answer Book provided.
- Write your Centre Number, Candidate Number and Name on all the work you hand in.
- Write in dark blue or black pen.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Answer **two** questions from Section A.
- Answer **two** questions from Section B, **one** on Namibian History and **one** on Southern African History.
- Answer each question on a separate page.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **8** printed pages.



Republic of Namibia

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, ARTS AND CULTURE

SECTION A: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS SINCE 1919

Answer any **two** questions from Section A.

1 Study the photograph and answer the questions which follow.



A photograph of Clemenceau, Wilson and Lloyd George during the peace negotiations at Versailles.

- (a) Briefly describe the aims of Woodrow Wilson during the peace negotiations at Versailles. [5]
- (b) Why did Woodrow Wilson and Georges Clemenceau not get everything they wanted at the peace negotiations at Versailles? [7]
- (c) "The military restrictions on Germany were the main reason why the Germans thought the Treaty of Versailles was not fair."
How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

2 Study the cartoon and answer the questions which follow.



A cartoon about the League of Nations during the 1930s.

- (a) Briefly describe the successes of the League of Nations in solving disputes between member states during the 1920s. [5]
- (b) Explain why the League of Nations did not prevent Japanese aggression against Manchuria in the early 1930s. [7]
- (c) "The most important reason why the League of Nations was unsuccessful in the 1930s was the Great Depression."

How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

3 Study the cartoon and answer the questions which follow.



A cartoon published in the Daily Express, 14 January 1935.

- (a) Describe the events which led to the return of the Saar to Germany in 1935. [5]
- (b) Explain why Britain and France did not act when Germany remilitarised the Rhineland in 1936. [7]
- (c) "Hitler's foreign policy was the most important reason why the Second World War started in 1939."
How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

- 4 Study the photograph and answer the questions which follow.



A photograph of Churchill, Roosevelt and Stalin at Yalta in 1945.

- (a) Describe the decisions taken at the Yalta Conference of 1945. [5]
- (b) Explain how the USA reacted to Soviet expansionism in Eastern Europe. [7]
- (c) "The containment policy followed by the USA caused the Cold War."
How far do you agree with this statement. Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

SECTION B: NAMIBIAN AND SOUTHERN AFRICAN HISTORY

Answer **two** questions from Section **B**, **one** from Namibian History and **one** from Southern African History.

Part 1

Answer **one** question from this part.

5 Study the extract and answer the questions which follow.

I, the Great General of the German Soldiers, address this letter to the Herero people. The Herero people will have to leave the country. Otherwise I shall force them to do so by means of guns. Within the German boundaries, every Herero, whether found armed or unarmed, with or without cattle, will be shot. I will not tolerate women and children. I shall drive them back to their people - otherwise I shall order shots to be fired at them. These are my words to the Herero people.
Signed: the Great General of the Mighty Kaiser, Von Trotha

A proclamation issued by General Von Trotha, commander in Chief of German South West Africa, in 1904.

- (a) Briefly describe the Herero wars of 1904-1907. [5]
- (b) Explain the consequences of the Herero wars of 1904-1907. [7]
- (c) "The Germans used Namibian resources to develop the country between 1884 and 1914."
How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

- 6 Study the photograph and answer the questions which follow.



A photograph of PLAN fighters during the armed struggle for the liberation of Namibia.

- (a) Briefly describe the nature of the United Nations control over Namibia. [5]
- (b) Explain why Namibians turned to armed struggle to try and achieve independence. [7]
- (c) "The support Namibia received from Angola was the most important reason why Namibia became independent in 1990."
How far you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

Part 2

Answer **one** question from this part.

South African History

7 Study the photograph and answer the questions which follow.



A photograph of separate amenities in South Africa during the 1950s.

- (a) Describe the terms of the Separate Amenities Act of 1953. [5]
- (b) Explain why opposition to apartheid increased after 1948. [7]
- (c) "The Sharpsville Massacre was the most important reason why apartheid was eventually ended."
How far do you agree with this statement. Explain your answer. [8]

[20]

8 Study the extract and answer the questions which follow.

Black Consciousness is an attitude of the mind and a way of life, the most positive call to emanate from the black world for a long time.

From a speech by Steve Biko in 1965.

- (a) Describe the role of Steve Biko during the apartheid era. [5]
- (b) Why did Black South Africans oppose apartheid laws? [7]
- (c) "South Africans successfully organised themselves against the effects of white rule."
How far do you agree with this statement? Explain your answer. [8]

[20]