

Cambridge International AS & A Level

HISTORY 9489/23

Paper 2 Outline Study May/June 2022

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer two questions from one section only.

Section A: European option Section B: American option Section C: International option

• Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Answer two questions from one section only.

Section A: European option

Modern Europe, 1750-1921

| 1 France, | 1774-1814 |
|-----------|-----------|
|-----------|-----------|

(a) Explain why the Assembly of Notables met in 1787.

[10]

(b) To what extent did Napoleon's domestic policies change France in the period 1799–1814? [20]

2 The Industrial Revolution in Britain, 1750–1850

- (a) Explain why access to international markets helped to increase the development of industry after 1780. [10]
- **(b)** To what extent did working conditions improve for the lower classes after 1800? [20]

3 Liberalism and nationalism in Germany, 1815–71

(a) Explain why the Zollverein was created.

[10]

[20]

(b) 'Prussia's actions caused the Franco–Prussian War.' How far do you agree?

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Section B: American option

The history of the USA, 1820-1941

| 4 | The | origins | of the | Civil | War, | 1820- | 61 |
|---|-----|---------|--------|-------|------|-------|----|
| | | | | | | | |

- (a) Explain why Lincoln won the 1860 presidential election. [10]
- (b) To what extent was Texas joining the Union the biggest challenge to the Missouri Compromise before 1850? [20]

5 The Gilded Age and Progressive Era, 1870s to 1920

- (a) Explain why the Progressive Movement was successful in amending the Constitution. [10]
- (b) 'The rise of organised labour was the most significant consequence of rapid economic growth in the late nineteenth century.' How far do you agree? [20]

6 The Great Crash, the Great Depression and the New Deal policies, 1920–41

- (a) Explain why the New Deal was criticised by those on the conservative right. [10]
- (b) 'The policies of Republican governments were the main cause of weaknesses in the US economy in the 1920s.' How far do you agree? [20]

Section C: International option

International history, 1870-1945

7 Empire and the emergence of world powers, 1870–1919

- (a) Explain why the sinking of the Lusitania led to US involvement in the First World War. [10]
- (b) How successful was the Berlin Conference of 1884–85 in resolving conflicts over imperial expansion in Africa? [20]

8 The League of Nations and international relations in the 1920s

- (a) Explain why the Treaty of Versailles was described as a Diktat by many Germans. [10]
- (b) 'International conferences did little to improve international relations in the 1920s.' How far do you agree? [20]

9 The League of Nations and international relations in the 1930s

(a) Explain why Stalin agreed to the Nazi–Soviet Pact. [10]

(b) 'Appeasement was the most sensible policy for Britain in dealing with Hitler.' To what extent do you agree? [20]

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